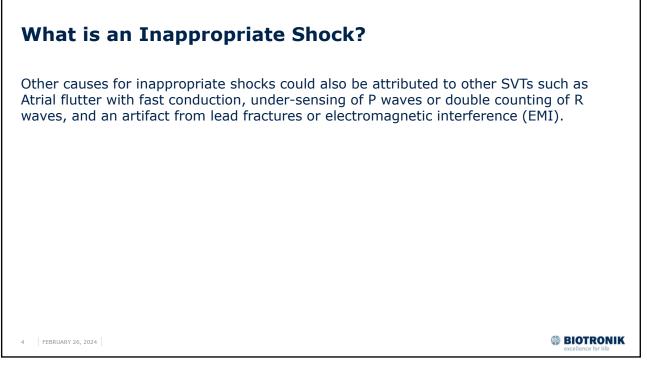
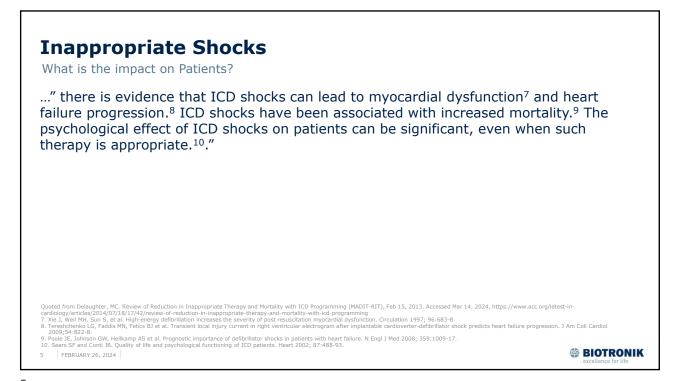
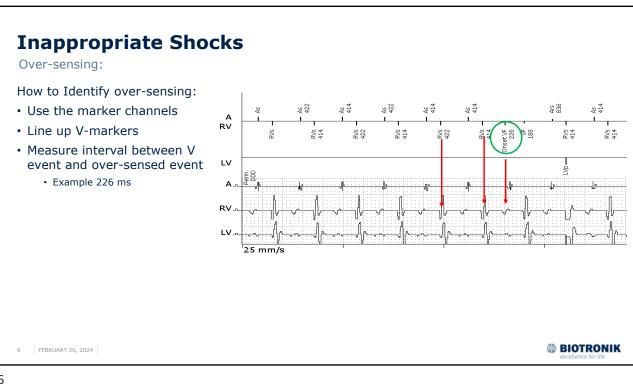


What is an Inappropriate Shock?	
An inappropriate ICD shock is one that is not precipitated by accurate detection of a malig ventricular arrhythmia, ventricular tachycardia (VT), or ventricular fibrillation (VF).	jnant
Inappropriate ICD shocks can be mostly attributed to atrial fibrillation, supraventricular tachycardia, abnormal sensing (i.e., T-Wave double counting) and noise.	r
3 FEBRUARY 26, 2024	TRONIK

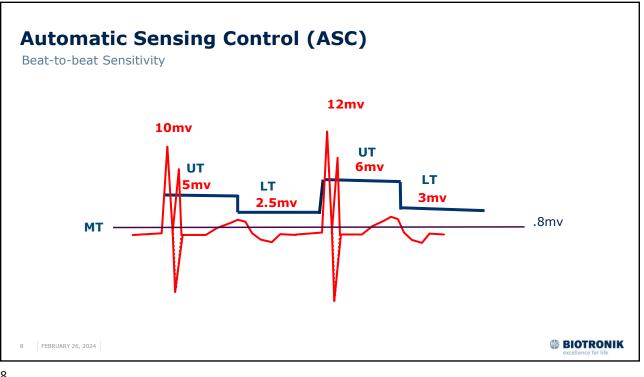


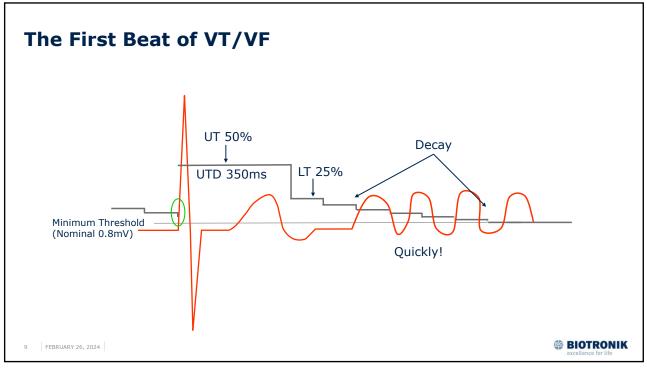


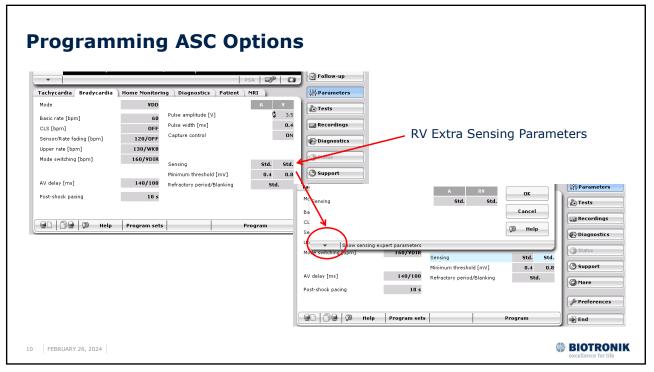


Tachycardia Bradycardia	Home Monitoria	ng Diagnostics Patient	MRI	lol Parameters
Mode	YDD			
Basic rate [bpm]	60	Pulse amplitude [V]	‡ 3.5	Tests
CLS [bpm]	OFF	Pulse width [ms]	0.4	Recordings
Sensor/Rate fading [bpm]	120/0FF	Capture control	ON	
Upper rate [bpm]	130/WKB			Diagnostics
Mode switching [bpm]	160/VDIR			G Status
		Sensing	Std. Std.	Support
AV delay [ms]	140/100	Minimum threshold [mV] Refractory period/Blanking	0.4 0.8 Std.	Sabbour
		Refractory period/blanking	stu.	() More
Post-shock pacing	10 s			
				JP Preferences
Help	Program sets		Program	End

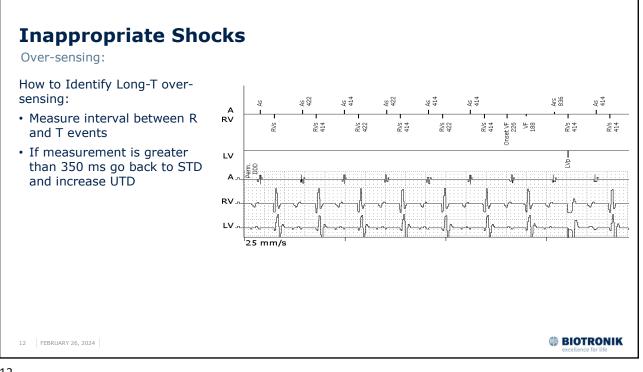


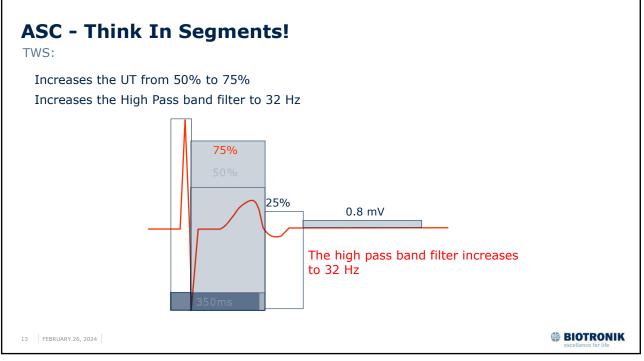




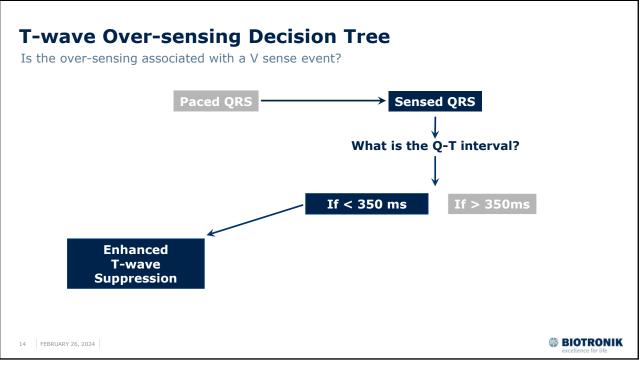


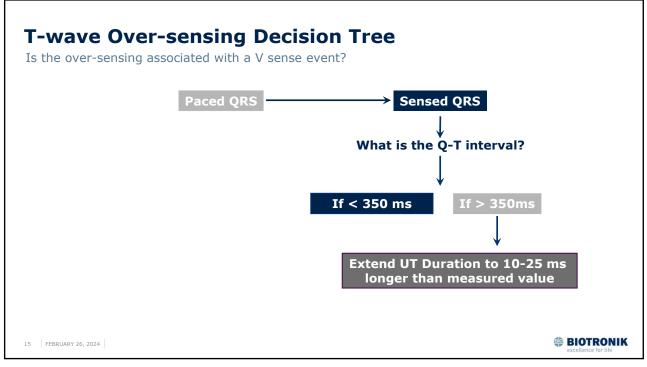
Mc Sensing Std. Ba Sensing RV CL	Std. Cancel	gs		
Se Std. TWS Up V Show sensing expert parameter Mode switching (bpm) 160/VD1 VFS	Help Diagnosti	A RV		
AV delay [ms] 140/100 Refractory perio	Thresholds	Std. TWS	OK Cancel	Follow-up
Post-shock pacing 10 s	Tai Upper threshold [%] M Upper threshold duration after sens. [m B Upper threshold duration after sensing [n CL Lower threshold [%] Se Post pace T-wave suppression		2 Help	Contractions of the second sec
	Up Hide sensing expert param Mode switching [bpm] 160,	VVDIR Sensing Minimum threshold [mV]	Std. TWS	C Support
	AV delay [ms] 140 Post-shock pacing	Refractory period/Blanking	Std.	More
	Help Progra	am sets	Program	End

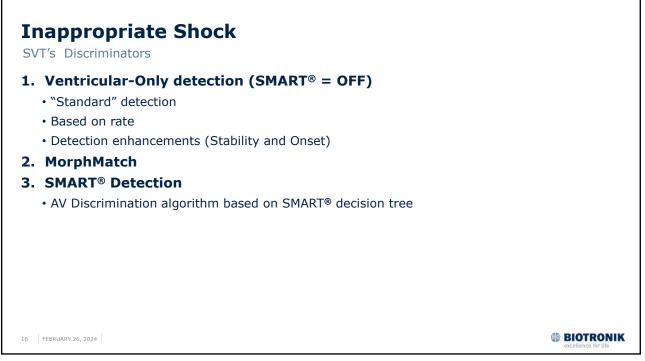


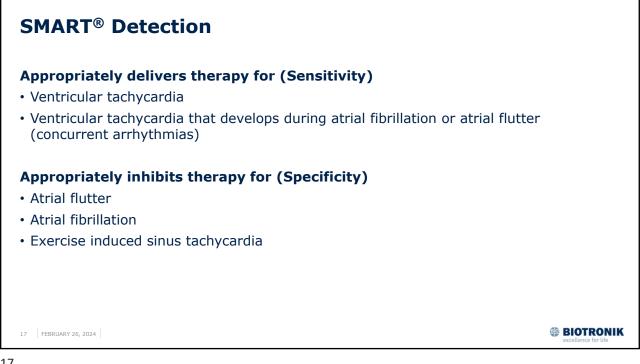


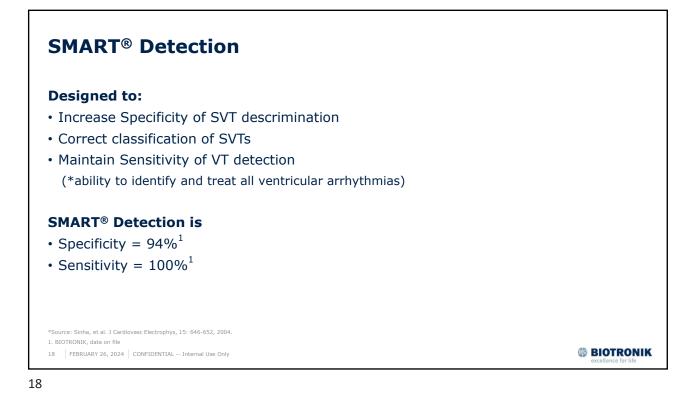


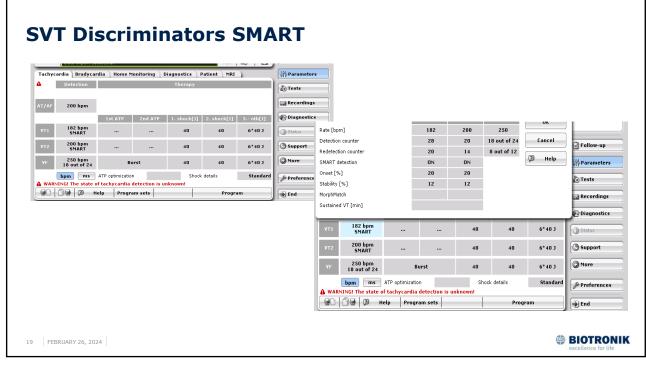


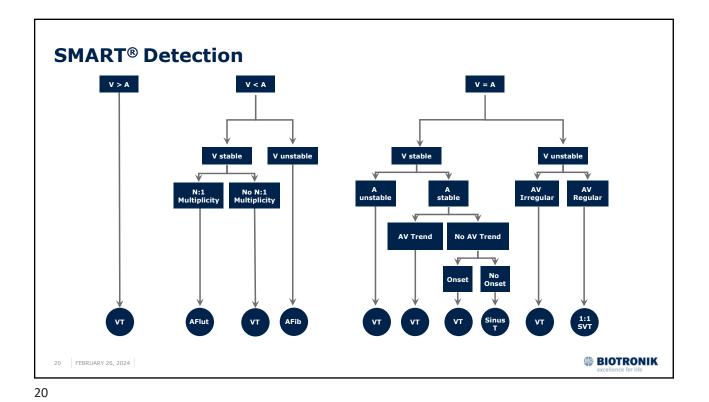


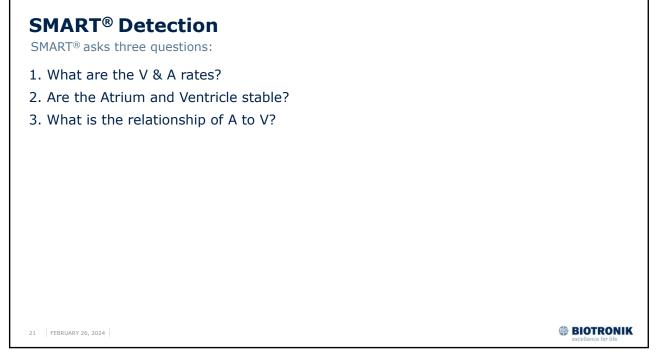


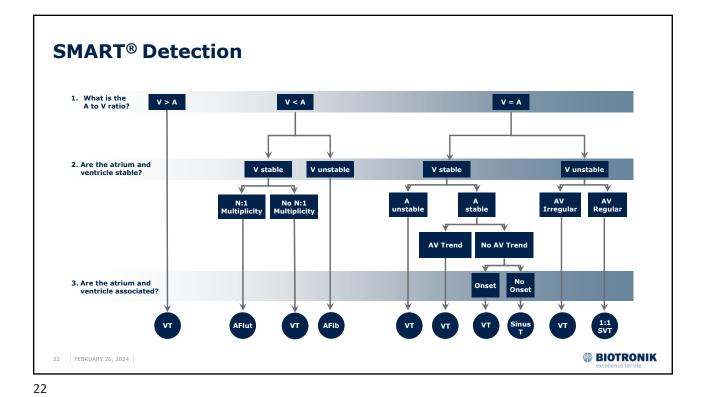


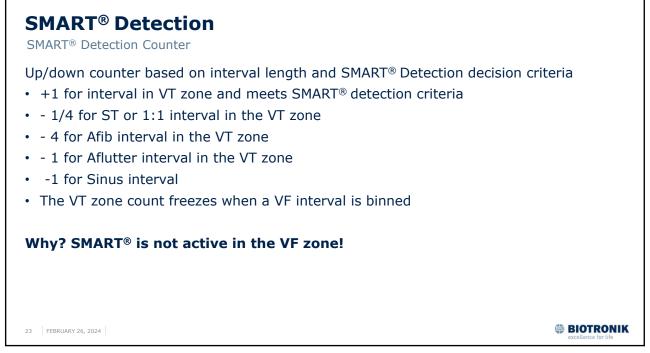


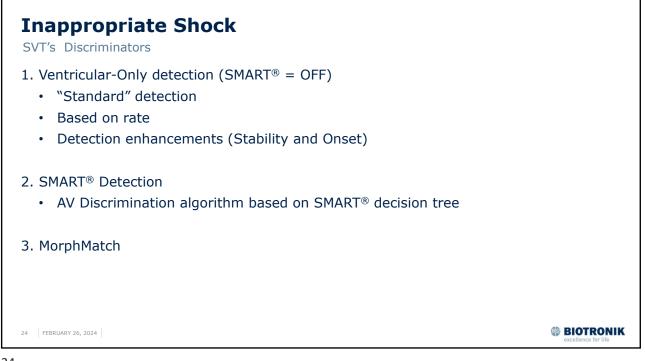


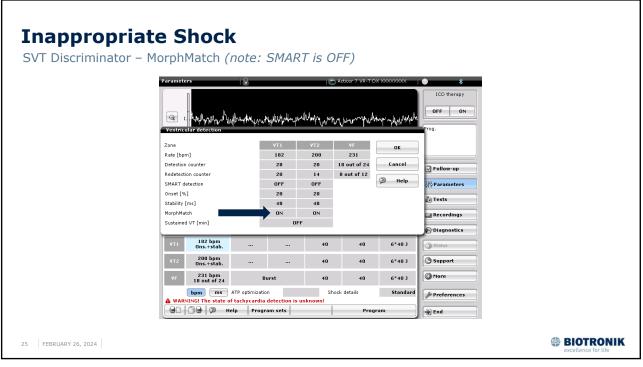


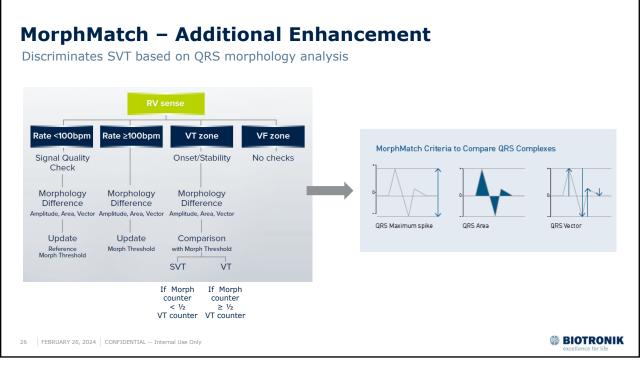


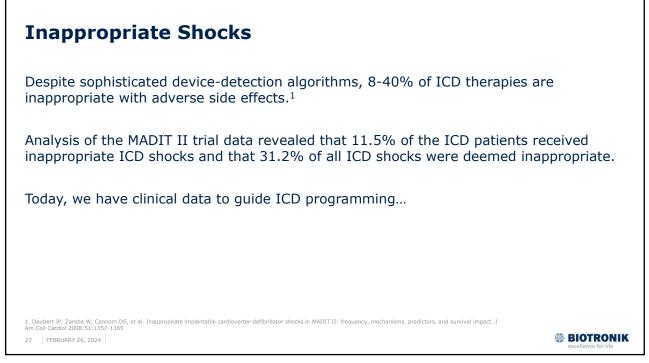












Programming Recommendations Reducing Unnecessary Shocks

MADIT-RIT¹

Question: can ICD devices be reprogrammed to reduce inappropriate therapies?

The MADIT RIT study has showed that high-rate shock box programming or delayed therapy programming reduced the risk of inappropriate therapy by 76-79%, and reduced mortality risk by 44-55%.

PREPARE²

Strategically chosen VT/VF detection and therapy options targeting primary prevention patients can safely reduce the morbidity related to ICD therapy

- 62% reduction in Morbidity Index.
- 63% reduction in shocked episodes.
- 1. Large majority of ICD implants are for primary prevention.
- 2. Most ICD patients receive too many shocks.
- 3. Using strategic PREPARE programming to treat sustained and fast tachycardias with ATP before shocks should safely reduce ICD morbidity.

Reduction in Inappropriate Therapy and Mortality through ICD Programming. N Engl J Med 2012; 367:2275-2283
B.L. Wilkoff, R. Stern, B. Williamson, et al., Design of the Primary Prevention Parameters Evaluation (PREPARE) trial of implantable cardioverter defibrillators to reduce patient morbidity, J am Coll Cardiol 2008;52:541-50
FEBRUARY 26, 2024

Programming Recommendations Reducing Unnecessary Shocks

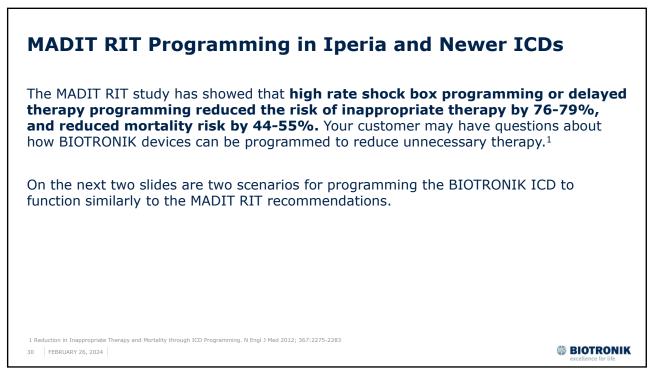
MADIT-RIT¹

High-rate cutoff >200 bpm or duration delay

PREPARE²

- Longer Detection Durations
- ATP for FVT's 330-240 ms (181-250 bpm)
- Maximum output for all VF therapy and FVT
- Tachycardia detection at 330 ms
- VT Monitor zone for slow VTs
- Longer detection duration

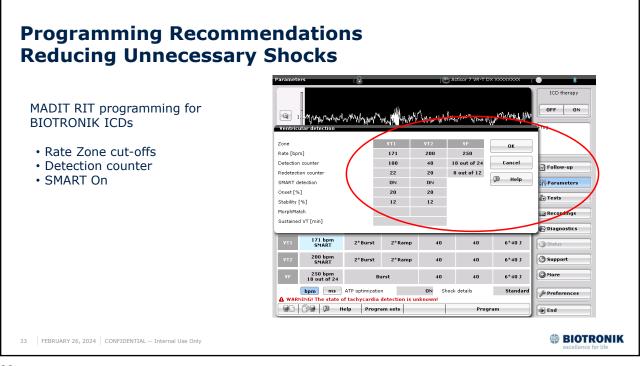
1. Reduction in Inappropriate Therapy and Mortality through ICD Programming. N Engl J Med 2012; 367:2275-2283
2. B.L. Wilkoff, R. Stern, B. Williamson, et al., Design of the Primary Prevention Parameters Evaluation (PREPARE) trial of implantable cardioverter defibrillators to reduce patient morbidity, J am Coll Cardiol 2008;52:541-50
PEBRUARY 26, 2024



	VF Zone	VT1 Zone
Rate	200 bpm	171 bpm
Counter	18 out of 24	Detection Count: 26 Redetection count: 20
Detection	X out of Y	Smart Detection [®]
Гherapy	ATP One-shot + Shock	Monitor Zone



Counter 18 out of 24 Detection Count: 40 Redetection count: 20 Detection Count: 100 Redetection count: 22 Detection X out of Y Smart Detection® Smart Detection®		VF Zone	VT2 Zone	VT1 Zone
Counter 18 out of 24 Redetection count: 20 Redetection count: 22 Detection X out of Y Smart Detection® Smart Detection®	Rate	250 bpm	200 bpm	171 bpm
	Counter	18 out of 24		
Therapy ATP One-shot + Shock ATP + Shock ATP + Shock	Detection	X out of Y	Smart Detection®	Smart Detection®
	Therapy	ATP One-shot + Shock	ATP + Shock	ATP + Shock
1 Reduction in Inappropriate Therapy and Mortality through ICD Programming. N Engl J Med 2012; 367:2275-2283				





PainFree Rx II Study

Purpose

In implantable cardioverter-defibrillator (ICD) patients, anti-tachycardia pacing (ATP) can terminate ventricular tachycardia (VT) up to 250 bpm without the need for painful shock therapy. However, fast VT (FVT) is mostly treated with shocks due to safety concerns. This *prospective, multicenter, randomized* trial compares the safety and efficacy of empirical ATP to treatment with shock therapy.

Methods

To assess safety, the primary objective was to determine if FVT episodes initially treated with ATP lasted no greater than 6 seconds longer than those treated by shocks. This study randomized 634 patients in 2 treatment arms (standardized empirical ATP or shock therapy) spanning 42 U.S. centers. The devices were programmed as follows, where Burst ATP is programmed with S1= 8 and R-S1= 88%:

Wathen M et al. Circulation. 2004, 110(17). 34 | FEBRUARY 26, 2024 |

BIOTRONIK

Therapy Zone	Detection Rate	Detection Count	Therapy
νт	167 bpm	20	3* Burst, DFT+10 J shock, max shocks
FVT (or VT2)	188 bpm	18	ATP arm: 1*Burst, DFT+10 J shock, max. shocks Shock arm: DFT+10 J shock, max. shocks
VF	250 bpm	18 out of 24	DFT +10J, max shocks
petween the treatment ar primary objective of this t	ms. The median fast VT episode durati	on was 10 seconds in the ATP arm and for fast VT is effective, equally safe ar	on, syncope, and sudden death were similar I 9.7 seconds in the shock arm, satisfying th Id improves quality of life compared to shock

